

OUR NEWS-ROOMS  
AND  
REFERENCE & LENDING  
LIBRARY  
will shortly be opened for the  
use of Subscribers to the  
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"  
FREE.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

ESTABLISHED 1881.

"ODOE."  
THE MEDICAL HALL,  
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,  
70, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
Hongkong.

NEW SERIES No. 370. 日八初月五年二十二緒光

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1896.

四月八日

英港六月八日

THIRTY DOLLARS  
PER ANNUM.

## Banks.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,  
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.  
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... \$300,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-  
HOLDERS ..... \$300,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$300,000

INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT  
ACCOUNT at the Rate of 2 per cent. per  
annum on the Daily Balance.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months..... 4 per cent.

" " " 6 " " 3 "

" " " 3 " " 2 "

T. H. WHITEHEAD,  
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 15th September, 1895. [53]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND ..... \$5,750,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

A. MC CONACHIE, Esq.—Chairman.  
ST. C. MICHAELSON, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.  
Hon. J. J. Bell-Kirkg. [J. Kramer, Esq.

G. B. Dodwell, Esq. [D. R. Sasse, Esq.

M. D. Echel, Esq. [R. Shaw, Esq.

R. M. Gray, Esq. [N. A. Sible, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER: [Hongkong] T. JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—J. P. WADE GARDNER, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY  
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per Cent.

per annum on the daily balance.

INTEREST ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 months, 3½ per Cent. per annum.

For 6 months, 3½ per Cent. per annum.

For 12 months, 4 per Cent. per annum.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager,

Hongkong, 15th February, 1895. [54]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted

by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be

obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3½ PER

CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option

balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND

SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED

DEPOSIT AT 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION,

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1895. [55]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,  
LIMITED.

Authorised Capital ..... \$1,000,000

Subscribed Capital ..... \$500,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors—

Chow Teng Shang, Esq.

H. Stoltzefeld, Esq.

Chen Kit Shan, Esq.

Chief Manager,

GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months, 5 per cent.

Hongkong, 23rd October, 1895. [56]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF

INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... \$1,500,000

SUBSCRIBED ..... \$1,185,000

PAID-UP ..... \$1,569,500

BANKERS:

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT  
ACCOUNTS at the Rate of 2 per cent.

per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON NEW FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 12 Months ..... 4 per cent.

" 6 " ..... 3½ "

" 3 " ..... 2½ "

J. W. R. TAYLOR,

Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 15th December, 1895. [58]

Intimations.

CARBOLINEUM-A-VENARIUS  
USED FOR 20 YEARS.

With the Utmost Success.

Thoroughly reliable preservative for Wood

and Stone, against White Ants, Decay, Fungus

Rot and Damppness.

Soles Agents for China,

SCHERLE & Co.,

Hongkong, 15th May, 1895. [59]

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

FINEST JAPANESE COTTON CRAPES

AND

SILK GOODS.

Every Variety in Colour, Stripes and Figures.

ORDERS

EXECUTED WITH CARE AND PROMPTITUDE.

SAMPLES are to be seen at

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA,

No. 5, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1895. [60]

LEVY HERMANOS.

AND AT

SHANGHAI, MANILA, ILOILO AND PARIS;

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, WATCH,  
CHRONOMETER & CLOCKMAKERS

GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT.

10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Opposite the Telegraph Office.

[61]

## Insurances.

EMPEROR ASSURANCE CORPORATION,  
LIMITED.

FIRE AND MARINE.

WE have This Day been appointed  
AGENTS, and are prepared to accept  
RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,  
Hongkong, 28th April, 1895. [742]

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE  
COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1854.

CAPITAL ..... \$1,500,000

TOTAL FUNDS AND SECURITY ..... \$1,480,053

NET ANNUAL FIRE PREMIA ..... \$75,478

HAVING been appointed AGENTS of the  
above Company, we are prepared to  
accept EUROPEAN and CHINESE RISKS  
at CURRENT RATES.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,  
Hongkong, and January, 1895. [743]

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned AGENTS of the above  
Company are prepared to accept First  
Class FOREIGN and CHINESE RISKS at  
CURRENT RATES.

SIEMSEN & Co.,  
Hongkong, 28th May, 1895. [744]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,  
(LIMITED.)

CAPITAL, TABLES 600,000} \$833,333-33  
EQUAL TO ..... \$315,000

RESERVE FUND ..... \$315,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq. LO YEK MOON, Esq.

LOU TSO SHUW, Esq. [ ]

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken  
at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the  
World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST,  
Hongkong, 10th December, 1895. [745]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... \$1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept  
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,  
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world  
payable at any of its Agencies.

601] FLETCHER & CO.  
and CARMICHAEL & CO.

TRADE MARK. [ ]

Hong Kong Name—

YUEEN WOO.

TELEPHONE, No. 135.

SOLE AGENTS:—

CHAU TSEUNG FAT,  
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,  
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.  
Hongkong, 26th May, 1895. [747]

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the  
SEVENTH ORDINARY YEARLY  
MEETING of the shareholders in the  
above Company will be held at the COMPANY'S  
OFFICE, No. 27, Queen's Road, on SATURDAY,  
the 20th June, at NOON, for the purpose of  
presenting the Report of the Directors, together  
with a Statement of Accounts to 29th April,  
1895, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED from the 6th to 20th June,  
both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

CHAS. F. HARTON,  
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, and June, 1895. [748]

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPoa DOCK  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an  
EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL  
MEETING of the above COMPANY will be held  
at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 14, Praya  
Central, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 22nd  
day of June, 1895, at 3 o'clock P.M., when the  
Subsidiary Resolution will be proposed.

That the Articles of Association shall be altered in  
manner following:—

(a) Paragraph 10 of Article 2, which now  
reads as follows:—"Auditors, Secretary,  
and Manager mean those respective  
Officers from time to time of the  
"Company" and the marginal note of  
the same paragraph shall be cancelled,  
and in lieu thereof the following marginal  
note and paragraph shall be inserted, that is to say,

"Chief Manager, "Chief Manager,"

"Secretary, "Secretary,"

"Auditors respectively mean the  
"persons for the  
time being per-  
forming the duties  
of these respective  
officers."

Should the above Resolution be duly passed

# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1896.

## To-day's Advertisements.

**TENDERS**  
FOR REPAIRS OF THE GERMAN SHIP  
**"COLUMBUS,"**

will be received at the Office of the Undersigned up to TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), the 19th Inst., at 10 A.M.

Separate Tenders are requested for:—

1. Repairs to Hull.

2. Repairs to RIGGING AND AWNINGS.

Particulars can be obtained from the Captain on board, or at the Office of the Undersigned, who do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

MELCHERS & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [997]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

FOURTH CLEARANCE SALE OF THE HONGKONG TRADING CO.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, ON WEDNESDAY, the 24th June, 1896, commencing at 2 P.M., AT THE HONGKONG TRADING CO.'S PREMISES, THE REMAINING STOCK IN TRADE, comprising:—

FURNISHING GOODS, SUCH AS CARPETS, COIR MATTING, COIR MATS, CUSHIONS, COTTONS, TICKING, FURNITURE TRIMMINGS, IRON BED, STEAD & COTS, SPRING MATTRESSES, BILLIARD REQUISITES, BRASSWARE, ETC.

Some Celebrated SPORTING PICTURES, ETC., &c., &c.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF GENTLEMEN'S AND LADIES' DRAPEY, STATIONERY, HABER-DASHERY AND SUNDRY ARTICLES.

Catalogues will be issued prior to Sale. On View from TUESDAY, the 23rd June.

N.B.—The FIXTURES, FURNITURE, SAFES, ETC., will be Sold on THURSDAY, the 25th June, 1896.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMBERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [996]

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "TACOMA," FROM TACOMA, VICTORIA, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [4]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR PORT DARWIN, QUEENSLAND PORTS, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

THE Steamship:

"WHAMPOA," Captain Newcomb, will be despatched TO-MORROW, the 19th instant, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [940]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship:

"TAIWAN," Captain Benson, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [989]

THE CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR LONDON AND LIVERPOOL, VIA STRAITS AND USUAL PORTS OF CALL.

(Taking transhipment Cargo for GLASGOW, CONTINENTAL PORTS, RIVER PLATE, &c.) (At Revised Rates.)

THE Company's Steamship:

"MOYUNE," C. H. Kemp, Commander, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 5 P.M.

For Freight, &c., apply to

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [924]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship:

"HECTOR," Captain Barr, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 26th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [956]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship:

"AGAMEMNON," Captain Steaves, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, the 6th July.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [998]

## To-day's Advertisements.



THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PARSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL and AMERICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

"KAISAR-I-HIND."

Captain C. L. Daniel, carrying Her Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this for BOMBAY, &c., on THURSDAY, the 21st and 22nd, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports. This steamer connects at Bombay with the S.S. "Calcutta," leaving that port on the 24th July for London direct.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France, and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into a steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other Cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and Value of all Packages are required.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Bills of Lading.

For further Particulars apply to

H. A. RITCHIE,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [431]

## Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUCKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED, VICTORIA DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

## AERATED WATERS.

SIMPLY AERATED WATER.

SODA WATER.

LEMONADE.

GINGER ALE.

SARSAPARILLA.

RASPBERRYADE, &c.

DAKIN, CRUCKSHANK & Co.'S WATERS are made under the constant supervision of a duly qualified English Chemist and will bear comparison with the best English Manufactures.

Special terms to HOTELS, CLUBS, MEETINGS and other Large Consumers.

Any complaints should be addressed to the Manager.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1896. [427]

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

PARIS, June 11th.

A boiler explosion occurred on an ironclad at Toulon, killing five persons and wounding four.

THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

PARIS, June 11th.

Numerous Anarchists have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the bomb outrage.

Several of the persons injured in the Barcelona outrage of the 8th June have died.

LATER.

It was an Orsini bomb that an Anarchist threw in Barcelona, causing such serious mortality. A royal decree has been issued suspending until further notice the constitutional rights of the people of Barcelona.

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

PARIS, June 11th.

A boiler explosion occurred on an ironclad at Toulon, killing five persons and wounding four.

THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

PARIS, June 11th.

Numerous Anarchists have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the bomb outrage.

Several of the persons injured in the Barcelona

outrage of the 8th June have died.

LATER.

It was an Orsini bomb that an Anarchist

threw in Barcelona, causing such serious mortality. A royal decree has been issued suspending until further notice the constitutional rights of the people of Barcelona.

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

PARIS, June 11th.

A boiler explosion occurred on an ironclad at Toulon, killing five persons and wounding four.

THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

PARIS, June 11th.

Numerous Anarchists have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the bomb outrage.

Several of the persons injured in the Barcelona

outrage of the 8th June have died.

LATER.

It was an Orsini bomb that an Anarchist

threw in Barcelona, causing such serious mortality. A royal decree has been issued suspending until further notice the constitutional rights of the people of Barcelona.

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

PARIS, June 11th.

A boiler explosion occurred on an ironclad at Toulon, killing five persons and wounding four.

THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

PARIS, June 11th.

Numerous Anarchists have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the bomb outrage.

Several of the persons injured in the Barcelona

outrage of the 8th June have died.

LATER.

It was an Orsini bomb that an Anarchist

threw in Barcelona, causing such serious mortality. A royal decree has been issued suspending until further notice the constitutional rights of the people of Barcelona.

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

PARIS, June 11th.

A boiler explosion occurred on an ironclad at Toulon, killing five persons and wounding four.

THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

PARIS, June 11th.

Numerous Anarchists have been arrested at Barcelona in connection with the bomb outrage.

Several of the persons injured in the Barcelona

outrage of the 8th June have died.

LATER.

It was an Orsini bomb that an Anarchist

threw in Barcelona, causing such serious mortality. A royal decree has been issued suspending until further notice the constitutional rights of the people of Barcelona.

THE CRETAN TROUBLES.

There is still a great deal of unrest in the island.

EXPLOSION ON A FRENCH WARSHIP.

# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1896.

passenger will be allowed to land at Honolulu unless these rules have been complied with, the onus of seeing this properly done falling upon the steamer. This is thought to be the safest and fairest plan.

In answer to questions as to the conditions of Chinese immigration at the Islands, Mr. Smith explained that at present all Chinese who have resided in the Islands are allowed to return within two years, on the production of their passports; merchants are allowed to land and live in the Islands for six months on filing a bond for \$500, and all Chinese who come either as agricultural workers or domestic servants are allowed to land free. The object of these laws is to prevent the competition of Asiatics in commerce and industrial affairs, in which at one time they threatened entirely to supersede the whites and natives Hawaiians. It is the intention of the Government to maintain the country as a place where whites can make a living, and the only way they can do this is by restricting immigration from China to laborers only.

With the Japanese Government Hawaii has a Labour Convention, by which immigration is regulated, and despite the growing feelings of equality shown by the Japanese, and the vast number of these industrious people at present there—nearly 20,000—this has so far been found to work exceedingly well, and is in a manner advantageous to both parties. The only other source of labour supply—Portuguese from the Azores—has of late years become much restricted, as these prefer going to the Portuguese colonies in Brazil and Africa. Bringing as these people do, their families, and forming after a few years a class of small farmers owing their own lands, they are very desirable members of the state, and every effort is made to encourage them to settle in Hawaii.

Regarding the future of the Islands, Mr. Smith says there is little doubt but that in the near future they will form part of the United States. By the commercial relations, geographical position, and the traditions and feelings of the dominant race, they are already American. The object of the present Government is to prove to the people of the United States that the Islands are self-supporting and capable of self-government, and when that is done annexation will be sure to follow. The old line of chieftain has now ended, and no further trouble is looked for from this cause, the aim of the present administration being to benefit the native Hawaiians as much as possible. No trouble is feared on account of the number of Asiatics resident there, the precedent established in the treatment in Florida and Louisiana of the Indian and mixed races found there upon the territories becoming American giving the basis of the proposed arrangements.

Mr. Smith expressed himself as much pleased with what he had seen of Hongkong, and, as our reporter was leaving, said he was sorry he was not able to make a longer stay in the "Isle of Fragrant Perfume." He is now in Canton studying the plague.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

IS LI HUNG-CHANG A "VENAL OLD HUMBUG?"

To the Editor of THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

Six.—I observe that your morning contemporaneous in the Daily Press has a leader to-day on Li Hung-chang. It severely attacks my illustrious countryman—quite unjustifiably, I think—says he has been misnamed "Bismarck of China" and then even stoops to abuse the one man in China who has shown himself able (it doesn't matter how, the facts remain as proof of his ability) to save what is more dear to all Chinese, of high and low estate, than anything else, and for which they will sacrifice almost anything—it is that which foreigners term "face." The Daily Press calls him Excellency the Chung Tang a "venal old humbug" and expresses the hope that "no special honour will be done to him" when he visits Great Britain in the very near future. Now, Sir, I trust you will allow me to say a word or two in defence of my distinguished countryman. I don't suppose any special defence is needed or that anything you contemporary says about him will do him any serious injury, but there are always at least two sides to a question, and I think it is only fair that "the other side" should be heard.

In the first place, of the English, let us see what Webster gives as the meaning of *venal*. He says that *venal* is "the state or quality of being *venial* or *purchasable*; mercenary; profitless of talents, offices, or services, for money or reward; as the venality of a corrupt court." This definition, then, shows that the Daily Press probably intended to convey to the understanding of its readers that Li Hung-chang has obtained a good deal of money in ways that would not generally be considered either dignified or honest. If in a serious allegation to make against the chosen, specially selected, representative of His Majesty, the Emperor of China. It seems to be forgotten that Li is not the Ruler of China; that the Manchu system of government is rotten to the core; that Li Hung-chang has many powerful enemies in high places who would, if they could, cast him into prison and have him publicly branded in the Peking Gazette as a traitor, or possibly something worse; that Li Hung-chang did not attempt to introduce violent reforms in the system of government in China; that he is now too old to hope to live long enough to give effect to any well matured scheme (taken from Western models) of provincial government; that it is expected by the powers that be in Peking that the Viceroys, Governors, Prefects, etc., etc., of the provinces will live and keep up style on money they make, and that the salaries they receive are supposed to draw from the Imperial Treasury are never to be paid over to them, but are to be appropriated by powerful officials to whom they are indebted for their appointments; that Li Hung-chang warned the Ruler of China in 1883 that Japan was preparing to wage war with the Celestial Empire and then asked for the permission of his Imperial Master to do whatever might be necessary to meet Japan on equal terms and even carry on hostilities in the dominions of the Mikado; that when China was humbled and had lost "face" through the success of the Japanese in the late war, Li managed to play off one Power against another so successfully that not only did money roll into the lap of the "Son of Heaven," but insult after insult was heaped upon the ancient enemy of China (Japan), and to-day China, instead of being the weaker nation in the world, can, in virtue of her friendly relations with Russia, Germany, and France, consider herself one of the Great Powers of the world. We see, nowadays, that Italy, Austria, and Germany have formed a Triple Alliance in the West for their mutual protection, then why should we not give Li credit for having struck, and struck well, when the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

to assume the offensive. For this deliverance, for this preservation of our "face," for the exalted position we hold to-day, our thanks are due to our patriotic, far-seeing countrymen (who, by the way, is not a Manchu) Li Hung-chang. Li may have his faults like other mortals, but in criticizing those faults or shortcomings we should, to be fair, view the situation through Oriental spectacles, and make due allowance for circumstances, incomprehensible to the average Western mind, over which neither Li nor any other Chinese statesman can possibly have control. He has done wonders. He has proved himself loyal to his Sovereign and true to his countrymen, and I am therefore proud to claim Li as a patriot and subscribe myself

A CHINAMAN.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896.

## NEWS BY THE TACOMA MAIL.

The Northern Pacific Co.'s steamship *Tacoma*, Capt. T. A. Whistler, which left Tacoma on the 15th May, arrived in harbour this morning. The following telegrams are taken from our Tacoma exchanges:

SANTA BARBARA (Cal.) May 13th.

In her official trip to-day the battleship *Oregon* covered 63 knots, over the official Government course, in three hours forty minutes and forty-eight seconds, making the magnificent average speed for the time over the course of 16.78 knots, or 19.35 miles an hour. This speed places her in the very front rank of ships of her class in the navies of the world, beating the *Massachusetts*, the pride of the Cramps, which has a record of 16.15 knots, and the *Indiana*, with a record of 15.61 knots. The contract of the Union Iron Works with the Government calls for \$31,000 for every quarter of a knot above fifteen, and by her great performance to-day the *Oregon* has earned for her builders a premium of \$75,000.

WASHINGTON, May 13th.

Admiral Ramsey, acting Secretary of the Navy, informed the Senate to-day, in response to its request, that of 9,311 bluejackets in the United States naval service, 4,000 are foreign born and 86% of 20,717 marines are natives of other countries than the United States. The percentage of Americans in the navy, however, is increasing.

SEATTLE, May 13th.

A loper has been in the Seattle general hospital for several days and no one knows what to do with him. Now the city authorities have decided to temporarily take charge of the case, and for that purpose are having a building adjoining the pest house fitted up for his accommodation and isolation. A supply of provisions will be laid in for him, and he will be kept there until some final arrangement is made for removing him to some place where a regular lazaretto is kept for cases of the kind.

NEW YORK, May 13th.

A Madrid dispatch to Li Discussion announces that the war department is preparing to embark 40,000 more troops for Cuba in October, should Weyler deem reinforcements necessary.

MADRID, May 16th.

Advices from Havana state a decree will be published to-morrow prohibiting the export of leaf tobacco from Veinti Abajo district and from Havana, in order to prevent the paralysis of the industry in Cuba.

LONDON, May 16th.

The republican party from tradition and interest favours bimetallism and the use of both gold and silver as standard money without discrimination against either.

Commenting editorially the *Times* says that a more melancholy picture would be impossible to imagine than our Havana correspondent draws, but it is doubtful whether any demonstration of the desperate nature of the case will induce the Spaniards to acquiesce in an arrangement so galling to their national pride as that which our correspondent suggests, namely, autonomy granted by the United States.

The *Times* Havana letter concludes by saying that there are only three possible endings of the rebellion:

"First—A confitance of the present policy of the ruin of Cuba.

"Second—That the Cubans should gain their independence by fighting until Cuba is bankrupt, with the result that the island would be given to anarchy and war between the whites and blacks. Cuba as an independent republic would become a hell on earth, compared with which Hayti is a paradise."

"Third—That Spain should offer autonomy on the Canadian model under the guarantees of the United States. All of the better class of Cubans would accept such a guarantee, peace would be concluded immediately, and Spain would retain a fertile colony under the wing of the chosen, specially selected, representative of His Majesty, the Emperor of China. It seems to be forgotten that Li is not the Ruler of China; that the Manchu system of government is rotten to the core; that Li Hung-chang has many powerful enemies in high places who would, if they could, cast him into prison and have him publicly branded in the Peking Gazette as a traitor, or possibly something worse; that Li Hung-chang did not attempt to introduce violent reforms in the system of government in China; that he is now too old to hope to live long enough to give effect to any well matured scheme (taken from Western models) of provincial government; that it is expected by the powers that be in Peking that the Viceroys, Governors, Prefects, etc., etc., of the provinces will live and keep up style on money they make, and that the salaries they receive are supposed to draw from the Imperial Treasury are never to be paid over to them, but are to be appropriated by powerful officials to whom they are indebted for their appointments; that Li Hung-chang warned the Ruler of China in 1883 that Japan was preparing to wage war with the Celestial Empire and then asked for the permission of his Imperial Master to do whatever might be necessary to meet Japan on equal terms and even carry on hostilities in the dominions of the Mikado; that when China was humbled and had lost "face" through the success of the Japanese in the late war, Li managed to play off one Power against another so successfully that not only did money roll into the lap of the "Son of Heaven," but insult after insult was heaped upon the ancient enemy of China (Japan), and to-day China, instead of being the weaker nation in the world, can, in virtue of her friendly relations with Russia, Germany, and France, consider herself one of the Great Powers of the world. We see, nowadays, that Italy, Austria, and Germany have formed a Triple Alliance in the West for their mutual protection, then why should we not give Li credit for having struck, and struck well, when the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in 1864 will molest us any further. Indeed, if they wait long enough it is quite possible that they will be utterly crushed when the time comes for us, as for our friends,

and the *face* was hot for an alliance for mutual protection with the one nation that is feared by all in the West and the East, namely, Russia? Instead of being the weak, humbled nation we were a few months ago we are to-day a Power, our friendship is sought by the great Power of the West, and we no longer fear that the marquises which nibbled at our elephantine extremities in

# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1896.

## Hotels.

VICTORIA HOTEL,  
CANTON,  
(LATE SHAMSEN HOTEL, CANTON.)

MESSRS. MADAR & FARMER have the pleasure to inform their Patrons, Friends and the Public generally that, having leased the SHAMSEN HOTEL, they have refurnished the whole Establishment, had it vastly improved in every department, and have now RE-OPENED it under the more popular Style of VICTORIA HOTEL.

For further Particulars, apply to the MANAGER

NEW VICTORIA HOTEL,  
Hongkong.

Hongkong, 10th December, 1895. [307]

FUJIYA HOTEL,  
MIYANOSHITA,  
HAKONE.

Four and a half hours from Yokohama.  
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION.  
NATURAL HOT SPRINGS.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE  
BUILDINGS.

TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES.  
EXCELLENT CUISINE.

S. N. YAMAGUCHI,  
Proprietor.

PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL, situated at a height of 1,350 feet above sea-level, has just been thoroughly re-decorated, renovated and refurnished, and a NEW WING has been built which commands magnificent Views of the Harbour and mainland of China.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES,  
(FROM APRIL 1ST TO OCTOBER 31ST).

One person, per day..... \$ 4.00  
One person, per month..... \$75 to 90.00  
Married couple (occupying one room) per day..... 7.00

Married couple (occupying two rooms) per day..... 15.00

Extra Bed Room, per month..... \$15 to 50.00

For further particulars, apply to

THE MANAGER.

New Victoria Hotel.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1896. [308]

WINDSOR HOTEL,  
HONGKONG.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT, situated in the elegant Building known as "CONNAUGHT HOUSE," offers First-class Accommodation to Residents and Travellers.

Passenger Elevator, from Entrances Hall to each Floor, in charge of experienced Attendant. Favorable Arrangements made for Families and for Monthly or Extended Periods.

P. BOHM,

Proprietor & Manager.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1896. [309]

THOMAS GRILL ROOMS,  
No. 4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE most Liberal and Cholest in the FAR EAST.

BREAKFAST, TIFFIN AND DINNER  
by Monthly contract.

Tenders for BANQUETS AND BALL SUPPERS  
on application.

PICTIC AND SHOOTING PARTIES  
Supplied on the shortest notice—A Specialty

For further Particulars,

Address—

THE MANAGER.

Hongkong, 11th January, 1896. [310]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"BENLAWERS."

Captain Webster, will be despatched as above  
TO-MORROW, the 19th instant, at Noon.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1896. [305]

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND  
CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship

"LIGHTNING."

Captain J. G. Spence, will be despatched for the  
above Ports on SATURDAY, the 20th instant,  
at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SASOON, SONS & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1896. [306]

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAM PACKETS.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"GLENCARRY."

Captain Ferguson, will be despatched as above  
on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 4 P.M.,  
instead of as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1896. [309]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"HECTOR."

Captain Barr, will be despatched as above on

WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 9th June, 1896. [306]

## Intimations.

### FOR CONNOISSEURS.

#### EXTRA SPECIAL.

#### 100 A. I. TONIC.

#### CHAMPAGNE BITTERS.

#### THE BEST RESTORATIVE IS

#### BOVRIL WINE OR BOVRIL.

#### From WATKINS & CO.,

#### APOTHECARIES HALL.

[52] PHARMACEUTIC PRODUCTS OF THE FARBWERKE VORM MEISTER,  
LUCIUS & BRUNING HOCHST A/MAIN.

### Dr. KNORE'S LION BRAND

### "ANTIPYRINE,"

(Dose for ADULTS is 15 to 35 GRAINS TROY)

Is the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHUMATIC, FEVER, TYPHUS, INFLUENZA, DENGUE, KRYSIPELAS, WHOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best ANTISEPTIC. Highly recommended by the Medical Faculty. Ask for Dr. KNORE'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the Inventor's Signature "Dr. KNORE" in red letters.

### "DERMATOL,"

is the best Vulnerary; its effect in stimulating the closing up of Wounds is described as amazing.

### DR. OVERLACH'S

### "MIGRAININE,"

(ANTIPYRINE—CAFFINE CITRATE)

Invaluable for MIGRAINE and of the greatest value in treating HEADACHES of definite etiology, in the HEADACHES of INFLUENZA, of NICOTINE and MORPHIA POISONING, and generally where the administration of other remedies have failed.

To be had of every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Supplies constantly on hand at the

CHINA EXPORT, IMPORT & BANK CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS! [54]

### Shipping.

### STEAMERS.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

FOR PORT DARWIN, QUEENSLAND  
PORTS, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

THE Steamship

### "WHAMPOA,"

Captain Newcomb, will be despatched TO-

MORROW, the 19th instant, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1896. [540]

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).

THE Company's Steamship

### "ZAFIRO,"

Captain Cobban, will be despatched for the

above Port TO-MORROW, the 19th instant, at 5 P.M.

This Steamer has Superior Accommodation for Passengers.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHFWAN & Co.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 17th June, 1896. [591]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

FOR TIENTSIN.

THE Steamship

### "NANCHANG,"

Captain Finlayson, will be despatched on

MONDAY, the 22nd instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1896. [592]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

FOR MELBOURNE.

THE Steamship

### "AUSTRALIAN,"

Captain Helm, will be despatched as above on

TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1896. [592]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

### "SHIRE," LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR HAVRE, HAMBURG AND

LONDON.

THE Steamship

### "CARMARTHENSHIRE,"

Captain Slcock, will be despatched for the

above Ports on or about the 27th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 6th June, 1896. [593]

"MILBURN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

### "HANKOW,"

Captain Orr, will be despatched for the above

Port on SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1896. [593]